

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Master Supreme Ripening

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

	1.1. Product identifier
	Mixture identification:
	Trade name: Master Supreme Ripening
	Trade code: 12536
	1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
	Recommended use:
	Fertilizer
	1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet
	Produced and packed by:
	VALAGRO Spa
	Via Cagliari, 1 Zona Industriale
	66041 Atessa (CH) ITALY
	Tel. (+39) 08728811 Fax (+39) 0872881382
	www.valagro.com
	Distributed and guaranteed by:
	Campbells Fertilisers Australasia
	18 Raymond Road, Laverton North, Victoria, 3026
	Phone: (03) 9931 2211
	Fax: (03) 9931 2201
	www.campbellsfert.com.au
	Competent person responsible for the safety data sheet:
	regulatory@valagro.com
	rogulatory & valagro.com
	1.4. Emergency telephone number
	Poison Information Centre - Telephone: 131126 (Australia wide – 24HRS)
	Poison milormation Centre - Telephone. 151120 (Australia wide - 2411(5))
SEC	TION 2: Hazards identification
020	2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture
	Classification according to the Hazardous Substances (Minimum Degrees of Hazard)
	Regulations 2001, New Zealand:
	The product is not classified as dangerous
	2.2. Label elements
	Symbols:
	None
	Hazard statements:
	None
	Precautionary statements:
	None
	Special Provisions:
	None
	Special provisions according to Annex XVII of REACH and subsequent amendments:
	None
	2.3. Other hazards
	1/10
	1/10



> vPvB Substances: None - PBT Substances: None Other Hazards: No other hazards

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

- 3.1. Substances
- N.A.
- 3.2. Mixtures:

Name	Product identifier	%	Approval Status (NZIoC)
Boric acid	CAS:10043-35-3 EC: 10043-35-3	>= 0.1% - < 0.25%	HSNO Approval Code HSR002995

SVHC Substances:

>= 0.1% - < 0.25% boric acid

Index number: 005-007-00-2, CAS: 10043-35-3, EC: 233-139-2 Substance SVHC Hazard Classification: 3.7/1B Repr. 1B H360FD Specific concentration limit >= 5.5%

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

In case of skin contact:

Immediately take off all contaminated clothing.

Areas of the body that have - or are only even suspected of having - come into contact with the product must be rinsed immediately with plenty of running water and possibly with soap. Wash thoroughly the body (shower or bath).

Remove contaminated clothing immediately and dispose off safely.

After contact with skin, wash immediately with soap and plenty of water.

In case of eyes contact:

After contact with the eyes, rinse with water with the eyelids open for a sufficient length of time, then consult an opthalmologist immediately.

- Protect uninjured eye.
- In case of Ingestion:

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person; If person is conscious rinse mouth with water and then give plenty of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting unless instructed to do so by medical personnel.OBTAIN A MEDICAL EXAMINATION IMMEDIATELY.

In case of Inhalation:

Remove casualty to fresh air and keep warm and at rest.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

Inhalation:

Possible irritation of respiratory tract

Skin:

Possible irritation according to the contact time with the product Eye:

Possible irritation according to the contact time with the product Ingestion:



> Possible irritation of mouth and digestive tract. 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed In case of accident or unwellness, seek medical advice immediately (show directions for use or safety data sheet if possible). Treatment: N.A.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

- 5.1. Extinguishing media
 - Suitable extinguishing media:
 - Water.
 - Carbon dioxide (CO2).
 - Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons:
 - None in particular.
- 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture Do not inhale explosion and combustion gases.
- Burning produces heavy smoke containing nitrogen oxides, phosphorous oxides, sulfur oxides. 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Wear suitable personal protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus. Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains.

Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely. Protective clothing for firefighters (full protective suit, helmet, gloves, boots) must conform to the standard EN469

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

- 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures
 - For non-emergency personnel:
 - No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Wear protective clothes giving a total skin protection, gloves, safety glasses and ask with filter P2

Keep away from the affected area people not involved in the emergency intervention.

Ensure adequate ventilation, move people in a safe place.

Alert the internal emergency team.

- For emergency responders:

Wear protective clothes giving a total skin protection, gloves, safety glasses and mask with filter P2.

Ensure adequate ventilation, move people in a safe place.

See protective measures under point 7 and 8.

- Avoid dust generation
- 6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow to enter into soil/subsoil. Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose it in landfill approved;

If possible, collect in clean plastic containers labeled and reuse as fertilizer. In case of gas escape or of entry into waterways, soil or drains, inform the responsible authorities.

Suitable material for taking up: inert absorbing material, sol, sand.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up Collect the product for example using shovel and broom Avoid raising dust



Wash with plenty of water, contain the spill with absorbent material, earth, sand.

6.4.	Reference to other sections See also section 8 and 13
SECTION	I 7: Handling and storage
	Precautions for safe handling
,	Avoid contact with skin and eyes, inhalation of vapours and mists.
	Don't use empty container before they have been cleaned.
	Before making transfer operations, assure that there aren't any incompatible material residuals
	in the containers.
	Contamined clothing should be changed before entering eating areas.
	Do not eat or drink while working.
	See also section 8 for recommended protective equipment.
7.2.	Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
	Keep in original containers tightly closed in a well-ventilated place far from humidity and heat
	source
	Keep away from food, drink and feed.
	Incompatible materials:
	Acids, Bases, oxidizing and reducing agents, combustible materials.
	Instructions as regards storage premises:
	Adequately ventilated premises.
7.3.	Specific end use(s)
	None in particular
SECTION	8: Exposure controls/personal protection
	I 8: Exposure controls/personal protection Control parameters
0.1.	No occupational exposure limit available
	For dust, in general:
	ACGIH (2003) : recommended value inhalable dust: TLV/TWA: 10 mg/m ³
	ACGIH (2003) : recommended value breathable dust: TLV/TWA: 10 mg/m ³
	ACONT (2005) . Tecommended value breathable dust. TEV/TWA. 3 mg/m
	- Boric acid - CAS: 10043-35-3
	OSHA / PEL (permissible exposure levels): 15 mg/m3 (total dust) and 5 mg/m3 (breathable
	dust).
	ausiy.
	DNELs (Derived No Effect Levels) for workers:
	Worker-DNEL long-term inhalation, systemic = 8.3 mg/m3 (1.45 mg B/m3).
	Worker-DNEL long-term, skin, systemic = 27460 mg/day (B 4800 mg/day).
	DNELs (Derived No Effect Levels) for population (consumers):
	DNEL long-term, oral, systemic = 0.98 mg/kg body weight/day (0.17 mg B/kg body weight /
	day).
	DNEL long-term inhalation, systemic = 4.15 mg/m3 (0.73 mg B/m3).

DNEL long-term dermal, systemic (external) = 196 mg/kg body weight/day (34.3 mg B/kg body weight/day).

DNEL long-term dermal, systemic = 0.98 mg/kg body weight/day (0.17 mg B/kg body weight/day.

PNECs (Predicted No Effect Concentrations):

PNECadd, water = 2.02 mg B/L (fresh water and sea water) and 13.7 mg B/L (water with intermittent releases).

PNECadd, sediment = No exposure expected.



> PNECadd, soil = 5.4 mg B/kg soil weight daily. PNEC STP (industrial waste water) = 10 mg B/L.

8.2. Exposure controls

The personal protective equipment must be compliant to the regulation UNI - EN in force Eye protection:

Use close fitting safety goggles according to the standard EN 166, don't use eye lens. Protection for skin:

Use clothing that provides comprehensive protection to the skin, e.g. cotton, rubber, PVC or viton.

Protection for hands:

Use protective nitrile gloves that provides comprehensive protection according to EN 374. Respiratory protection:

In case of dust generation, use anti-powder mask with P2 filters according to the EN 149:2001. The powder exposition limit must be respected

Thermal Hazards:

None

Environmental exposure controls:

Prevent the contamination of soil, surface water or groundwater

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and	chemical properties		
Appearance and colour:	Red powder/crystals		
Odour:	odorless		
Odour threshold:	not applicable		
pH 1% at 20°C:	6.1		
Melting point / freezing point:	not applicable,solid		
Initial boiling point and boiling r	ange: not applicable,solid		
Flash point:	not applicable, solid		
Evaporation rate:	not applicable, solid		
Solid/gas flammability:	not applicable, the product doesn't contain any flammable		
	substance		
Upper/lower flammability or exp	plosive limits: not applicable, the product doesn't contain any		
	flammable or explosive substance		
Vapour pressure:	not applicable, solid		
Vapour density:	not applicable, solid		
Apparent Density:	0,7 Kg/dm3		
Solubility in water:	100 g/l at 20 °C		
Solubility in oil:	N.A.		
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/	water): N.A.		
Auto-ignition temperature:	N.A.		
Decomposition temperature:	N.A.		
Viscosity:	not applicable, solid		
Explosive properties:	not applicable, the product doesn't contain any explosive		
	substance		
Oxidizing properties:	not applicable, the product doesn't contain any oxidizing		
	substance		
9.2. Other information			
Miscibility:	N.A.		



Fat Solubility:N.A.Conductivity:N.A.Substance Groups relevant propertiesN.A.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Stable under normal conditions of storage and use

- 10.2. Chemical stability
- Stable under normal conditions of storage and use
- 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions
 - The product itself is not combustible but it can support the combustion of combustible materials even in the absence of air.
 - The product may intensify fire.
- 10.4. Conditions to avoid At high temperatures, which induce thermal decomposition, the product may release hazardous gases.
- 10.5. Incompatible materials
 - Acids, Bases, oxidizing and reducing agents, combustible materials.
- 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products In case of fire and high temperatures can develop nitrogen oxides, phosphorus oxides, sulfur oxides.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Toxicological information of the product:

In case of ingestion of large amounts, NO3-ions contained in the product can oxidize the iron atoms in hemoglobin making it unable to carry oxygen effectively to the tissues (methemoglobinemia)

a) acute toxicity		
Not classified		
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met		
b) skin corrosion/irritation		
Not classified		
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met		
c) serious eye damage/irritation		
Not classified		
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met		
d) respiratory or skin sensitisation		
Not classified		
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met		
e) germ cell mutagenicity		
Not classified		
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met		
f) carcinogenicity		
Not classified		
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met		
g) reproductive toxicity		
Not classified		
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met		



> h) STOT-single exposure Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met i) STOT-repeated exposure Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met j) aspiration hazard Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met Toxicological information of the main substances found in the product: boric acid - CAS: 10043-35-3 a) acute toxicity: Test: LD50 - Route: Oral - Species: Rat > 2600 mg/kg - Source: OECD 401 - Notes: Test material: Boric acid - Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met Test: LC50 - Route: Inhalation - Species: Rat > 2.03 mg/l - Source: OECD 403 - Notes: Test material: Boric acid - Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met Test: LD50 - Route: Skin - Species: Rabbit > 2000 mg/kg - Source: FIFRA (40 CFR 163) -Notes: Test materila: Boric acid - Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met b) skin corrosion/irritation: Test: Skin Corrosive - Route: Skin - Species: Rabbit - Notes: Test material: Boric acid -Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met c) serious eye damage/irritation: Test: Eye Corrosive - Route: 18202.val1 - Species: Rabbit - Source: OECD 405 - Notes: Test material: Boric acid - Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met d) respiratory or skin sensitisation: Test: Skin Sensitization - Route: Oral - Species: Guinea pig - Source: OECD 406 - Notes: Test material: Boric acid - Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met e) germ cell mutagenicity: Test: Mutagenesis - Source: Ames test OECD 471 - Notes: Test material: Boric acid -Based on calculation method, the classification criteria are not met f) carcinogenicity: Test: Carcinogenicity - Route: Oral - Species: Mouse - Source: OECD 451 - Notes: Test material: Boric acid - Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met g) reproductive toxicity: Test: Reproductive Toxicity - Route: Oral - Species: Rat = 58.5 mg/kg - Source: (Boron) -Notes: Test material: Borax deca hydrate; Classification as Repro 1B H360FD h) STOT-single exposure: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met i) STOT-repeated exposure: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met j) aspiration hazard: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met **SECTION 12: Ecological information** 12.1. Toxicity Adopt good working practices, so that the product is not released into the environment.

boric acid - CAS: 10043-35-3 a) Aquatic acute toxicity:



> Endpoint: LC50 - Species: Fish = 79.9 mg/l - Duration h: 96 - Notes: (Boron) Endpoint: LC50 - Species: Daphnia = 133 mg/l - Duration h: 48 - Notes: (Boron) b) Aquatic chronic toxicity:

Endpoint: NOEC - Species: Fish = 11.2 mg/l - Duration h: 768 - Notes: (Boron)

Endpoint: NOEC - Species: Pish = 11.2 mg/r - Duration 1. 768 - Notes: (Boron) Endpoint: NOEC - Species: Daphnia = 25.9 mg/l - Duration h: 48 - Notes: (Boron)

- c) Bacteria toxicity:
- Endpoint: NOEC Species: Microorganisms = 17.5 mg/l Duration h: 3 Notes: (Boron) e) Plant toxicity:
- Endpoint: EC50 Species: Algae = 40 mg/l Duration h: 72 Notes: (Boron)
- 12.2. Persistence and degradability:
 - No data available for the mixture;
- 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential
 - The product does not contain any bioaccumulative substances
- 12.4. Mobility in soil No data available for the mixture;
- 12.5. Other adverse effects (such as hazardous to the ozone layer). None known

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Product :Recover if possible. In so doing, comply with the local and national regulations currently in force.

Packaging: Dispose according to regulations.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1. UN number

Not classified as dangerous in the meaning of transport regulations.

- 14.2. UN proper shipping name
 - N.A.
- 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)
 - N.A.
- 14.4. Packing Group
- N.A.
- 14.5 Environmental hazards IMDG-Marine pollutant:

No

- 14.6. Special Precautions for User N.A.
- 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code N.A.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

15.1.1. EU-Regulations

Contains no REACH substances with Annex XVII restrictions Contains no substance on the REACH candidate list Contains no REACH Annex XIV substances

15.1.2. National regulations

New Zealand



Classification	: Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum
0.000.000	Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001.
National Cher	nical Inventories : All components are listed on the New Zealand Inventory of
(NZIoC)	Chemicals
	al Number (Group : HSR002571. Fertiliser (Subsidiary Hazard) Group Standard
Standard)	2006
	I safety assessment
No	
TION 16: Othe	er information
	s referred to under heading 3:
	May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.
	t was prepared by a competent person who has received appropriate training.
Main bibliograp	
	Environmental Chemicals Data and Information Network - Joint Research Centre,
	sion of the European Communities
	ANGEROUS PROPERTIES OF INDUSTRIAL MATERIALS - Eight Edition - Van
Nostran	d Reinold
CCNL -	Appendix 1
Insert fu	rther consulted bibliography
The informatio	n contained herein is based on our state of knowledge at the above-specified date. It
	the product indicated and constitutes no guarantee of particular quality.
	the user to ensure that this information is appropriate and complete with respect to the
specific use int	
	odified from previous version: all paragraphs
	ncels and replaces any preceding release.
ADR:	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of
	Dangerous Goods by Road.
CAS:	Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical
	Society).
CLP:	Classification, Labeling, Packaging.
DNEL:	Derived No Effect Level.
EINECS:	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances.
GefStoffVO: GHS:	Ordinance on Hazardous Substances, Germany.
GHS.	Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of
IATA:	Chemicals. International Air Transport Association.
IATA-DGR:	Dangerous Goods Regulation by the "International Air Transport
IATA-DGR:	Dangerous Goods Regulation by the "International Air Transport Association" (IATA).
IATA-DGR: ICAO:	Dangerous Goods Regulation by the "International Air Transport Association" (IATA). International Civil Aviation Organization.
IATA-DGR:	Dangerous Goods Regulation by the "International Air Transport Association" (IATA). International Civil Aviation Organization. Technical Instructions by the "International Civil Aviation Organization"
IATA-DGR: ICAO: ICAO-TI:	Dangerous Goods Regulation by the "International Air Transport Association" (IATA). International Civil Aviation Organization. Technical Instructions by the "International Civil Aviation Organization" (ICAO).
IATA-DGR: ICAO: ICAO-TI: IMDG:	Dangerous Goods Regulation by the "International Air Transport Association" (IATA). International Civil Aviation Organization. Technical Instructions by the "International Civil Aviation Organization" (ICAO). International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods.
IATA-DGR: ICAO: ICAO-TI: IMDG: INCI:	Dangerous Goods Regulation by the "International Air Transport Association" (IATA). International Civil Aviation Organization. Technical Instructions by the "International Civil Aviation Organization" (ICAO). International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods. International Nomenclature of Cosmetic Ingredients.
IATA-DGR: ICAO: ICAO-TI: IMDG: INCI: KSt:	Dangerous Goods Regulation by the "International Air Transport Association" (IATA). International Civil Aviation Organization. Technical Instructions by the "International Civil Aviation Organization" (ICAO). International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods. International Nomenclature of Cosmetic Ingredients. Explosion coefficient.
IATA-DGR: ICAO: ICAO-TI: IMDG: INCI: KSt: LC50:	Dangerous Goods Regulation by the "International Air Transport Association" (IATA). International Civil Aviation Organization. Technical Instructions by the "International Civil Aviation Organization" (ICAO). International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods. International Nomenclature of Cosmetic Ingredients. Explosion coefficient. Lethal concentration, for 50 percent of test population.
IATA-DGR: ICAO: ICAO-TI: IMDG: INCI: KSt: LC50: LD50:	Dangerous Goods Regulation by the "International Air Transport Association" (IATA). International Civil Aviation Organization. Technical Instructions by the "International Civil Aviation Organization" (ICAO). International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods. International Nomenclature of Cosmetic Ingredients. Explosion coefficient. Lethal concentration, for 50 percent of test population. Lethal dose, for 50 percent of test population.
IATA-DGR: ICAO: ICAO-TI: IMDG: INCI: KSt: LC50:	Dangerous Goods Regulation by the "International Air Transport Association" (IATA). International Civil Aviation Organization. Technical Instructions by the "International Civil Aviation Organization" (ICAO). International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods. International Nomenclature of Cosmetic Ingredients. Explosion coefficient. Lethal concentration, for 50 percent of test population.



RID:	Regulation Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods
	by Rail.
STE:	Short-term exposure.
STEL:	Short Term Exposure limit.
STOT:	Specific Target Organ Toxicity.
TLV:	Threshold Limiting Value.
TWATLV:	Threshold Limit Value for the Time Weighted Average 8 hour day.
	(ACGIH Standard).
WGK:	German Water Hazard Class.
N.A.:	no data available